

Consumer Confidence Report 2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

Sandy Shores

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Drinking Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from a ground water well located in the Sandy Shores subdivision.

Pend Oreille County PUD #1 routinely monitors for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, persons with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water before we treat it include:

- <u>Microbial contaminants</u>, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- <u>Inorganic contaminants</u>, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.
- <u>Pesticides and herbicides</u>, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture and residential uses.
- <u>Radioactive contaminants</u>, which are naturally occurring.
- <u>Organic chemical contaminants</u>, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can, also, come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.

WATER QUALITY DATA:

The following table lists all the drinking water contaminants that we tested for during the 2020 calendar year. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done January 1 through December 31, 2020. The state requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the

concentrations of these contaminants are not expected to vary significantly from year to year. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, is more than one year old.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

- **Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)**: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
- **Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)**: The level of contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health.
- SRL: Minimum reporting level for Washington (Department of Health)
- **ND:** Not detectable at testing limit
- **pCi/l:** picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation)
- **ppb:** Parts per billion or micrograms per liter
- **ppm:** Parts per million or milligrams per liter
- **Nephelometrick Turbidity Units (NTU)**: A means of measuring turbidity by passing light through it. The higher number, the higher the cloudiness.
- AL: (Federal Action Level) EPA maximum contaminant level. If exceeded, call Dept. of Health.
- **MFL**: Million fiber per liter.

| Inorganic | Derk | CDI | TI | MOL | C |
|-----------------|---------|-------|--------------|-------------|---|
| Contaminants | Results | SRL | Units | MCL | Source |
| Lead 2020 | ND | 0.002 | mg/l | AL=.0 15 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits |
| Copper 2020 | ND | 0.2 | mg/l | AL=1. 3 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits |
| Nitrate 2020 | ND | 0.5 | mg/l | 10 | Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage, erosion of natural deposits |
| Arsenic 2020 | .00819 | .001 | mg/l | .01 | Surface water run off encountering natural rock formations |
| Radionuclides | | | | | |
| Gross Alpha | | | | | |
| 2020 | ND | | pCi/L | 15 | Erosion of natural deposits |
| Gross Beta 2006 | ND | | pCi/L | 50 | Erosion of natural deposits |
| Radium 228-2020 | .803 | | pCi/L | 3 | Erosion of natural deposits |
| Iron 2020 | .0194 | .1 | mg/l | .3 | Iron exists naturally in rivers, lakes, and underground water. It may also be released to water from natural deposits |
| Asbestos 2008 | <0.11 | 7 | MFL>1 0um | 7 | Asbestos is a fibrous mineral occurring in natural deposits. |

Lead – Infants and children who drink water containing lead in excess of the action level could experience delays in their physical or mental development. Children could show slight deficits in attention span and learning abilities. Adults who drink this water over many years could develop kidney problems or high blood pressure.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Pend Oreille County PUD #1 is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water testing. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at *http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead*.

Copper – Copper is an essential nutrient, but some people who drink water containing copper in excess of the action level over a relatively short amount of time could experience gastrointestinal distress. Some people who drink water containing copper in excess of the action level over many years could suffer liver or kidney damage. People with Wilson's Disease should consult their personal physician.

Nitrate – Infants below the age of six months who drink water containing nitrate in excess of the MCL could become seriously ill and, if untreated, may die. Symptoms include shortness of breath and blue-baby syndrome.

Turbidity – Turbidity is a measure of the cloudiness of the water. We monitor it because it is a good indicator of water quality. High turbidity can hinder the effectiveness of disinfectant.

Arsenic - Arsenic in your drinking water has been reported at less than .01 mg/l. This means that your drinking water currently meets EPA's newly revised drinking water standard for arsenic. In the future, your Consumer Confidence Report will reflect improved laboratory methods that will more accurately detect the level of arsenic (if any) in your drinking water. EPA believes that consumers should be aware of the uncertain health risks presented by very low levels of arsenic. EPA's standard balances the current understanding of arsenic's health effects against the costs of removing arsenic from drinking water.

The EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Mark "Bubba" Scott, at (509) 447-6375. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month at 10:00 a.m.

Your representative to the Citizens Water Committee is Al Mix.

| | Customers | Gallons Produced | Gallons Sold | Unaccounted for water |
|------------------|-----------|------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| Riverbend | 82 | 2,012,369 | 2,025,666 | 1.7% |
| Sunvale Acres | 67 | 2,717,344 | 2,785,403 | 02% |
| Sandy Shores | 71 | 3,685,600 | 3,981,776 | -2.5% |
| Metaline Falls | 192 | 16,648,072 | 12,480,150 | 10.98% |
| Riverview Shores | 59 | 1,637,163 | 1,638,620 | 01% |

Here is your Water Usage Efficiency information for 2020:

Additional test results below.

Anatek Labs, Inc. 1282 Alturas Drive - Moscow, ID 83843 - (208) 883-2839 - Fax (208) 8829246 - email moscow@anateklabs.com 504 E Sprague Ste. D - Spokane, WA 99202 - (509) 838-3999 - fax (509) 838-4433 - email spokane@anateklabs.com

| Clien Addro Attn: | | P.O. Bo | rt, WA 99156 | | | | Proj | k Order ect: orted: | Sandy S | 02 Shores 4/1 20 20:28 | 5/20 | |
|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|----------------|--------|-----------------|------------|-----------|---------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | | | | Analytical | Results R | eport | | | | | |
| Syster | n ID# | | 76145 | | System Name: | Sandy Sho | res | | | | | |
| Refere | ence Num | ber: | WAD0402-01 | | Collect Date: | 04/15/20 0 | | D | OH Source #: | 01 | | |
| Multip | le Source | Nos: | | | Sample Type: | Before | | C | ounty: | Pend Or | eille | |
| Date F | Received: | | 04/15/20 13:33 | | Sample Purpose: | RC - Ro | utine/Com | npliance | e Sample | | | |
| Sampl | e Locatio | n: | S01 | | | | | | | | | |
| Matrix | : | | Drinking Water | | | | | | | | | |
| Lab/Sa | ample Nu | mber: 1 | 25-40201 | | | | | | | | | |
| Herbic | ides | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DOH # | Analyte | | | Result | Units | SRL | Trigger | MCL | Analyzed | Analyst | Method | Qualifier |
| 0137 | Dalapon | | | ND | ug/L | 1.00 | 1 | 200 | 4/29/20 18:17 | SAT | EPA 515.4 | |
| Inorga | nics | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DOH # | Analyte | | | Result | Units | SRL | Trigger | MCL | Analyzed | Analyst | Method | Qualifier |
| 0008 | Iron | | | 0.0194 | mg/L | 0.0100 | | 0.3 | 4/30/20 17:40 | MYM | EPA 200.7 | |
| 0014 | Sodium | | | 3.49 | mg/L | 0.100 | | | 4/30/20 17:40 | MYM | EPA 200.7 | |
| DOH # | Analyte | | | Result | Units | SRL | Trigger | MCL | Analyzed | Analyst | Method | Qualifier |
| | Total Dacth | nal | | ND | ug/L | 0.0200 | | | 4/29/20 18:17 | SAT | EPA 515.4 | |
| Herbic | ides | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DOH # | Analyte | | | Result | Units | SRL | Trigger | MCL | Analyzed | Analyst | Method | Qualifier |
| 0134 | Pentachloro | ophenol | | ND | ug/L | 0.0400 | 0.04 | 1 | 4/29/20 18:17 | SAT | EPA 515.4 | |
| 0139 | Dinoseb | | | ND | ug/L | 0.200 | 0.2 | 7 | 4/29/20 18:17 | SAT | EPA 515.4 | |
| 0140 | Picloram | | | ND | ug/L | 0.100 | 0.1 | 500 | 4/29/20 18:17 | SAT | EPA 515.4 | |
| 0221 | Dichlorprop |) | | ND | ug/L | 0.500 | 0.5 | | 4/29/20 18:17 | SAT | EPA 515.4 | |
| DOH # | Analyte | | | Result | Units | SRL | Trigger | MCL | Analyzed | Analyst | Method | Qualifier |
| | Surrogate: | | | | 6% | 70-130 | | | 4/29/20 18:17 | SAT | EPA 515.4 | |
| Herbic | - | | | 20 | | , 0 100 | | | .,,_0 10,1, | 2 | , | |
| DOH # | Analyte | | | Result | Units | SRL | Trigger | MCL | Analyzed | Analyst | Method | Qualifier |
| 0225 | DCPA (Acid | Metabolites | 5) | ND | ug/L | 0.0200 | 0.1 | | 4/29/20 18:17 | SAT | EPA 515.4 | |
| Compo | ounds not o | on WA te | mplates | | | | | | | | | |
| DOH # | Analyte | | | Result | Units | SRL | Trigger | MCL | Analyzed | Analyst | Method | Qualifier |
| 0224 | Chloramber | n | | ND | ug/L | 0.200 | 0.2 | | 4/29/20 18:17 | SAT | EPA 515.4 | |

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County:

Pend Oreille

| Client: Address: Attn: | Sandy Shores P.O. Box 190 Newport, WA 99156 Mark Scott | | Work (Projec Repor | t: S | VAD0402 Sandy Shores 4/15/20 5/18/2020 20:28 | |
|------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| | | Analytica | l Results Report | | | |
| System ID# Reference Numb | 76145 per: WAD0402-01 | System Name: Collect Date: | Sandy Shores 04/15/20 07:45 | DOH Sourc | ce #: 01 | |

| Multiple Source Nos: | |
|----------------------|----------------|
| Date Received: | 04/15/20 13:33 |
| Sample Location: | S01 |
| Matrix: | Drinking Water |

Sample Type:

Before Sample Purpose: RC - Routine/Compliance Sample

Lab/Sample Number: 125-40201

Herbicides

| DOH # | Analyte | Result | Units | SRL | Trigger | MCL | Analyzed | Analyst | Method | Qualifier |
|-------|--------------------------|--------|-------|-------|---------|-----|---------------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| 0037 | 2,4-D | ND | ug/L | 0.100 | 0.1 | 70 | 4/29/20 18:17 | SAT | EPA 515.4 | |
| 0038 | 2,4,5-TP (Silvex) | ND | ug/L | 0.200 | 0.2 | 50 | 4/29/20 18:17 | SAT | EPA 515.4 | |
| 0138 | Dicamba | ND | ug/L | 0.200 | 0.2 | | 4/29/20 18:17 | SAT | EPA 515.4 | |
| 0135 | 2,4-DB | ND | ug/L | 1.00 | 1.0 | | 4/29/20 18:17 | SAT | EPA 515.4 | |
| 0136 | 2,4,5-T | ND | ug/L | 0.400 | | | 4/29/20 18:17 | SAT | EPA 515.4 | |
| 0220 | Bentazon | ND | ug/L | 0.500 | 0.5 | | 4/29/20 18:17 | SAT | EPA 515.4 | |
| 0223 | Acifluorofen | ND | ug/L | 1.00 | 2.0 | | 4/29/20 18:17 | SAT | EPA 515.4 | |
| 0226 | 3,5-Dichlorobenzoic Acid | ND | ug/L | 0.500 | 0.5 | | 4/29/20 18:17 | SAT | EPA 515.4 | |

Lab/Sample Number: 112-40201

Inorganics

| DOH # | Analyte | Result | Units | SRL | Trigger | MCL | Analyzed | Analyst | Method | Qualifier |
|--------|----------------|---------|------------|----------|---------|-------|---------------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| 0004 | Arsenic | 0.00819 | mg/L | 0.00100 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 4/17/20 10:38 | TRC | EPA 200.8 | |
| 0005 | Barium | 0.0216 | mg/L | 0.00100 | 2 | 2 | 4/17/20 10:38 | TRC | EPA 200.8 | |
| 0006 | Cadmium | ND | mg/L | 0.00100 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 4/17/20 10:38 | TRC | EPA 200.8 | |
| 0011 | Mercury | ND | mg/L | 0.000100 | 0.002 | | 4/17/20 10:38 | TRC | EPA 200.8 | |
| 0012 | Selenium | ND | mg/L | 0.00100 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 4/17/20 10:38 | TRC | EPA 200.8 | |
| 0110 | Beryllium | ND | mg/L | 0.00100 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 4/17/20 10:38 | TRC | EPA 200.8 | |
| 0112 | Antimony | ND | mg/L | 0.00100 | 0.006 | 0.006 | 4/17/20 10:38 | TRC | EPA 200.8 | |
| 0113 | Thallium | ND | mg/L | 0.00100 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 4/17/20 10:38 | TRC | EPA 200.8 | |
| 0114 | Nitrite-N | ND | mg/L | 0.100 | 0.5 | 1 | 4/15/20 15:23 | SST | EPA 300.0 | |
| 0020 | Nitrate-N | ND | mg/L | 0.100 | 5 | 10 | 4/15/20 15:23 | SST | EPA 300.0 | |
| 0010 | Manganese | ND | mg/L | 0.00100 | | 0.05 | 4/17/20 10:38 | TRC | EPA 200.8 | |
| 0013 | Silver | ND | mg/L | 0.00100 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 4/17/20 10:38 | TRC | EPA 200.8 | |
| 0022 | Sulfate | 9.83 | mg/L | 0.100 | 250 | 250 | 4/15/20 15:23 | SST | EPA 300.0 | |
| 0024 | Zinc | 0.00582 | mg/L | 0.00100 | | 5 | 4/17/20 10:38 | TRC | EPA 200.8 | |
| 0015 | Hardness | 95.5 | mg CaCO3/L | 3.00 | | | 4/16/20 11:00 | NDE | SM 2340 C | |
| 0017 | Turbidity | 0.279 | NTU | 0.100 | | | 4/16/20 11:20 | SST | EPA 180.1 | |
| 0026 | TDS | 76.0 | mg/L | 5.00 | 500 | | 4/21/20 9:45 | BAS | SM 2540 C | |
| 0009 | Lead | ND | mg/L | 0.00100 | | 0.015 | 4/17/20 10:38 | TRC | EPA 200.8 | |
| Radion | uclides | | | | | | | | | |
| DOH # | Analyte | Result | Units | SRL | Trigger | MCL | Analyzed | Analyst | Method | Qualifier |
| 0165 | Gross alpha ** | ND | pCi/L | 3.00 | | 15 | 4/21/20 13:09 | AM | EPA 900.0 | |

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| Client: Address: Attn: | - , | | | | Work Order: Project: Reported: | | WAD0402 Sandy Shores 4/15/20 5/18/2020 20:28 | |
|------------------------------|-------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|------------|--|--------------|
| | | | Analytical | l Results Rep | ort | | | |
| System ID# | | 76145 | System Name: | Sandy Shores | | | | |
| Reference Num | nber: | WAD0402-01 | Collect Date: | 04/15/20 07:45 | 5 | DOH Sou | irce #: | 01 |
| Multiple Source | Nos: | | Sample Type: | Before | | County: | | Pend Oreille |
| Date Received: | | 04/15/20 13:33 | Sample Purpose | e: RC - Routine | e/Complia | ince Sampl | е | |
| Sample Locatio | n: | S01 | | | | | | |
| Matrix: | | Drinking Water | | | | | | |

Lab/Sample Number: 112-40201

Inorganics

| DOH # | Analyte | Result | Units | SRL | Trigger | MCL | Analyzed | Analyst | Method | Qualifier |
|-------|--------------|------------|-------------|---------|---------|-----|---------------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| 0007 | Chromium | ND | mg/L | 0.00100 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 4/17/20 10:38 | TRC | EPA 200.8 | |
| 0111 | Nickel | ND | mg/L | 0.00100 | | 0.1 | 4/17/20 10:38 | TRC | EPA 200.8 | |
| 0116 | Cyanide | ND | mg/L | 0.0100 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 4/24/20 15:12 | TLM | EPA 335.4 | |
| 0019 | Fluoride | 0.101 | mg/L | 0.100 | 2 | 4 | 4/15/20 15:23 | SST | EPA 300.0 | |
| 0021 | Chloride | 0.644 | mg/L | 0.100 | 250 | 250 | 4/15/20 15:23 | SST | EPA 300.0 | |
| 0016 | Conductivity | 192 | umhos/cm | 1.00 | 700 | 700 | 4/16/20 13:30 | SST | SM 2510 B | |
| 0018 | Color | <5@pH 7.71 | Color Units | 5.00 | | 15 | 4/15/20 15:30 | SST | SM 2120 B | |
| 0023 | Copper | ND | mg/L | 0.00100 | | 1.3 | 4/17/20 10:38 | TRC | EPA 200.8 | |

Authorized Signature,

Kathleen a. Sattle

Kathleen Sattler, Laboratory Manager

- PQL Practical Quantitation Limit
- ND Not Detected
- MCL EPA's Maximum Contaminant Level
- Dry Sample results reported on a dry weight basis
- * Not a certified analyte

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